AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of the claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in this application.

1-21. (Canceled)

22. (Currently Amended) A method for detecting a symptomatic *Streptococcus pneumoniae* infection in a <u>human</u> subject of age 12 years or less comprising:

applying, to a bibulous test strip, a urine sample obtained from a human subject of age 12 years or less;

flowing the urine sample along the bibulous test strip;

mobilizing a tagged antibody capable of binding the C-polysaccharide antigen of Streptococcus pneumoniae, the tagged antibody having been present in a dried state on the bibulous test strip, to form a mixture comprising the urine sample and the mobilized tagged antibody:

binding the tagged antibody and the antigen, if present, to form eomplexes conjugates in the mixture:

flowing the mixture, including the <u>complexesconjugates</u> if formed, further along the bibulous test strip:

binding at least one of the eemplexes conjugates, if present, to antibodies specific for the eemplexes conjugates immobilized in at least one scrub zone along the bibulous test strip;

flowing the mixture comprising any non-bound-complexes conjugates that have not bound to the antibodies specific for the conjugates immobilized in the at least one scrub zone, if present, downstream of the at least one scrub zone; and

binding, to antibodies specific for the eomplexes<u>conjugates</u> immobilized in a capture zone downstream of the at least one scrub zone, any non-bound eomplexes<u>conjugates</u> that have not bound to the antibodies specific for the conjugates immobilized in the at least one scrub zone, if present, wherein color formation in the downstream capture zone resulting from the binding of any such conjugates to the antibodies specific for the conjugates immobilized in a capture zone downstream of the at least one scrub zone is indicative of a symptomatic Streptococcus pneumoniae infection in the subject.